

# STUDY MATERIAL AND RELATED HOME ASSIGNMENT

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Sub: ENGLISH GRAMMER CLASS: 5<sup>th</sup>

## PRONOUNS

When we refer to persons or things again, we generally use pronouns. The use of pronouns makes our writing or speech less repetitive.

### Definition:

Pronoun is a part of speech which is used to avoid repetition.

Wrong Way	Right Way
Aslam wrote a letter. Aslam posted a letter.	Aslam wrote a letter and he posted it.

Circle the nouns and underline the pronouns used for them in these sentences. These are done for you.

1. Ahmad, what do you want to have?
2. Rakshanda is in her room. She is sleeping.
3. Muhammad Ali was a boxer, wasn't he?

4. The dog was wagging its tail. It was happy to see its master.

## TYPES OF PRONOUNS

### PERSONAL PRONOUNS

1. These refer to ourselves, the people we are talking to or the people or things we are talking about.

I, we, you, he, she, it, they, me, us, you, him, her, it, them

### POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS

2. These show that something belongs to someone.

Mine, ours, yours, his, hers, theirs

### REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS

3. These are used to suggest that the object of a verb is the same person or thing as the subject of the verb.

Myself, ourselves, yourself, himself etc.

### DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS

4. These are used to point out things.

This, that, these, those

## 5. INDEFINITE PRONOUNS

These are used to refer to people or things whose identity is not known or not important.

Anybody, anyone, anything, any, all, some, few, many etc.

## 6. DISTRIBUTIVE PRONOUNS

These are used to refer to people or things one at a time.

Each, either, neither

## 7. RECIPROCAL PRONOUNS

These are used to indicate that people do the same thing, feel the same way or have the same relationship.

Each other, one another

## 8. RELATIVE PRONOUNS

These relate a noun to a group of words that follow.

who, whom (refer to people)  
which (always refers to things)

## 9. INTERROGATIVE PRONOUNS

These words are used to ask questions.

who, what, whom, which, whose

## 10. EMPHASISING PRONOUNS

These have the same form as the reflexive pronouns but these are used for emphasis.

Example: Rehan himself has done the work.

8. Fill in the blanks using possessive pronouns. One is done for you.

1. This doll belongs to Tenca. The doll is hers.
2. The Duttis have a huge mansion in Mumbai. The mansion is theirs.
3. The house belongs to me and my brother. The house is ours.
4. I bought these toffees at City Market. The toffees are mine.
5. Whose dirty socks are these? Anika, they are these.

9. Fill in the blanks with the correct Reflexive or Emphasising Pronouns.

1. He hurt himself while repairing the broken window.
2. I myself baked this cake especially for my best friend's birthday.
3. She looked at herself in the mirror.

8. Fill in the blanks with Suitable  
Demonstrative pronouns.

1. Whose pencil box is \_\_\_\_\_?
2. This bag is white, but \_\_\_\_\_ is Red.
3. Get up early in the morning.  
\_\_\_\_\_ is a good habit.
4. There was a power cut last night.  
Because of \_\_\_\_\_ we couldn't  
sleep.
5. Whose book is \_\_\_\_\_?

9. Fill in the blanks with suitable  
Indefinite Pronouns given in box.

Everybody    anyone    somebody    something  
Anyone    Noone

1. Can \_\_\_\_\_ help in carrying the  
boxes to the second
2. There is \_\_\_\_\_ in the cupboard.  
It is empty.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ should help Meena. She  
is in need of money for her  
son's education.
4. Einstein's achievements are known  
to \_\_\_\_\_.
5. There is something wrong with T.V  
but \_\_\_\_\_ with set-top box.

Fill in the blanks.  
Use Interrogative pronouns.

Anu: \_\_\_\_\_ are you doing, Razia?

Razia: I am baking a cake. Tomorrow is a very special day.

Anu: Really, \_\_\_\_\_ is the occasion?

Razia: It is my favourite person's birthday.

Anu: \_\_\_\_\_ is it?

Razia: My grandpa's! He is turning sixty tomorrow.

Anu: \_\_\_\_\_ gave the idea of trying your hand at baking?

Razia: \_\_\_\_\_ do you think came up this wonderful idea? Grammy!

Anu: I am surprised. Can I help you in baking the cake?

Razia: Of course, please bring that packet here.

Anu: Wow! It is amazing.

## RELATIVE PRONOUN

B Join the pairs of sentences using suitable relative pronouns.  
First one is done for you.

1. Durvesh is a boy. He is learning Kathak.

Durvesh is a boy who is learning Kathak.

2. Dolphins are fish. Dolphins can communicate with human beings.

3. Sabreena is a girl. She is learning riding.

4. He is a man. I saw him last night at the city mall.

5. Aaj Tak is a T.V channel. It shows the news from all corners of the world.

B Fill in the blanks with suitable pronouns.

1. After working for several hours, Mahesh was tired so \_\_\_\_\_ took a break.

2. Jeeshan play football at the stadium \_\_\_\_\_ is near my home.

3. Jasmine and Nazima are friends.  
They love \_\_\_\_\_.

4. There are two cats in the verandah.  
They are yours.

5. \_\_\_\_\_ is going to watch the  
India-Australia match today?

6. \_\_\_\_\_ are the children who  
climbed the tree and plucked  
the mangoes?

7. Don't touch the pen drive. It is  
\_\_\_\_\_.

8. \_\_\_\_\_ is your name.

9. Whose pencil is this?

10. I \_\_\_\_\_ lost the keys.